



Administrative law + new headway plus

Assist. Prof. Ali Saadi

Assist. Lec. Shahad M. Ghani

Q/ (false or true).

1. The judiciary has become one of the most important official sources of administrative law.
2. The means of administration that you use to manage its activity are physical methods and means that govern the administration's behavior in public money.
3. Administrative law is more ancient than civil law and other laws.
4. The relationship of the public employee with the administration is of an organizational nature.
5. Although administrative law has a non-codified law, there are also codified laws in the area of companies law
6. The administrative judiciary is concerned with advisory and judicial jurisdictions.

Q/ Choose the correct answer.

- The principles of legal administrative law did not appear until _____ century AD. (the twentieth, the eleventh, thirteenth).
- Sources of administrative law are divided into _____ sources (written, non written, Written and non written).
- Administrative law, like public laws, aims to achieve the _____ in the first place (public benefit, private benefit, mixed benefit).
- Administrative law is _____, such as civil and commercial law (codified into one collection, not codified, codified into various collections).
- Administrative law is a branch of the _____ (External public law, internal public law, international law)

New headway plus

Past Continuous tense Rule Rule

Subject (singular) + was + Verb (with ing) + Pred

Subject (plural) + were + Verb (with ing) + Pred

- it was raining yesterday.
- They were eating at the restaurant.
- She was studying last night.

Homework

Write simple sentence using one of the mentioned legal terms

Is the judiciary one of the most important sources of administrative law? Explain.

1. She ____ reading a book when I called her. (was/ were/ is)
2. They ____ playing football at 5 p.m. yesterday. (was/ were/ are)
3. The children ____ playing in the garden yesterday evening. (was/ were/ is)
4. We ____ walking in the park at that time. (was/ were/ are)



*thank you
for your
Attention*